# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MONTE L. HANEY,	}
Petitioner,	) No. C 07-4682 CRB (PR)
VS.	ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE
DERRAL G. ADAMS, Warden,	(Docs # 2 & 4)
Respondent.	)

Petitioner, a state prisoner incarcerated at California State Prison,
Corcoran, has filed a pro se petition for a writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. §
2254. He also seeks to proceed in forma pauperis under 28 U.S.C. § 1915.

#### **BACKGROUND**

On June 11, 2002, petitioner struck his girlfriend with a heavy object, ripped out her eye, stabbed her several times and threatened her. A jury in San Francisco County superior court convicted him of aggravated mayhem, torture, assault with force likely to produce great bodily injury (aggravated assault), assault with a deadly weapon, willful infliction of corporal injury on a cohabitant, and criminal threats. The jury also found the great bodily injury and weapons enhancements alleged in connection with certain counts to be true. On March 11, 2005, petitioner was sentenced to life in prison with the possibility of parole plus seven years.

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On December 20, 2006, the California Court of Appeal modified the abstract of judgment to comport with the jury's finding on the great bodily injury enhancement and affirmed in all other respects. On April 18, 2007, the Supreme Court of California denied review.

Petitioner also sought collateral relief from the state courts. On September 12, 2007, the Supreme Court of California denied his final petition for state habeas relief.

#### **DISCUSSION**

#### A. Standard of Review

This court may entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus "in behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a).

It shall "award the writ or issue an order directing the respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto." <u>Id.</u> § 2243.

#### B. <u>Claims</u>

Petitioner seeks federal habeas corpus relief by raising several claims, including instructional error, ineffective assistance of trial and appellate counsel, prosecutorial misconduct/vindictive prosecution and denial of a jury of "peers." Liberally construed, the claims appear cognizable under § 2254 and merit an answer from respondent. See Zichko v. Idaho, 247 F.3d 1015, 1020 (9th Cir. 2001) (federal courts must construe pro se petitions for writs of habeas corpus liberally).

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#### CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons and for good cause shown,

- 1. Petitioner's request to proceed in forma pauperis (doc # 2) is GRANTED.
- 2. The clerk shall serve by certified mail a copy of this order and the petition and all attachments thereto on respondent and respondent's attorney, the Attorney General of the State of California. The clerk also shall serve a copy of this order on petitioner.
- 3. Respondent shall file with the court and serve on petitioner, within 60 days of the issuance of this order, an answer conforming in all respects to Rule 5 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, showing cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not be granted. Respondent shall file with the answer and serve on petitioner a copy of all portions of the state trial record that have been transcribed previously and that are relevant to a determination of the issues presented by the petition.

If petitioner wishes to respond to the answer, he shall do so by filing a traverse with the court and serving it on respondent within 30 days of his receipt of the answer.

4. Respondent may file a motion to dismiss on procedural grounds in lieu of an answer, as set forth in the Advisory Committee Notes to Rule 4 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases. If respondent files such a motion, petitioner shall file with the court and serve on respondent an opposition or statement of non-opposition within 30 days of receipt of the motion, and respondent shall file with the court and serve on petitioner a reply within 15 days of receipt of any opposition.

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- 5. Petitioner is reminded that all communications with the court must be served on respondent by mailing a true copy of the document to respondent's counsel. Petitioner must also keep the court and all parties informed of any change of address.
- 6. Petitioner's motion (doc # 4) for an order requiring an answer from respondent is DISMISSED as moot.

SO ORDERED.

DATED: January 11, 2008

CHARLES R. BREYER United States District Judge